



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: / 30

## Learning Objectives

- Solve a 2x2 system of equations by substitution
- Solve a 2x2 system by elimination (addition method)
- Interpret the solution of a system in context
- Identify systems with no solution or infinitely many solutions

*Simplify each expression completely. Show all steps and circle your final answer.*

## Solving systems by elimination

1. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 1y = -4$   $3x + 2y = -10$

$$\begin{cases} x + y = -4 \\ 3x + 2y = -10 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Solve the system:  $1x - 3y = -7$   $2x + 4y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} x - 3y = -7 \\ 2x + 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 4y = 6$   $1x + 2y = 4$

$$\begin{cases} x + 4y = 6 \\ x + 2y = 4 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Solve the system:  $3x - 1y = 4$   $4x + 4y = 0$

$$\begin{cases} 3x - y = 4 \\ 4x + 4y = 0 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

5. Solve the system by elimination:  $4x + 3y = 8$   $3x + 2y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 3y = 8 \\ 3x + 2y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

6. Solve the system:  $2x - 2y = 4$   $2x + 2y = 8$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 2y = 4 \\ 2x + 2y = 8 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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7. Solve the system by elimination:  $2x + 4y = 0$   $3x + 4y = 0$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 4y = 0 \\ 3x + 4y = 0 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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8. Solve the system:  $1x - 2y = 9$   $2x + 3y = -3$

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y = 9 \\ 2x + 3y = -3 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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9. Solve the system by elimination:  $2x + 2y = -4$   $2x + 1y = -4$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 2y = -4 \\ 2x + y = -4 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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10. Solve the system:  $2x - 1y = -7$   $4x + 1y = -5$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y = -7 \\ 4x + y = -5 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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11. Solve the system by elimination:  $2x + 1y = 0$   $2x + 4y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y = 0 \\ 2x + 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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12. Solve the system:  $4x - 4y = -8$   $3x + 3y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 4y = -8 \\ 3x + 3y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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13. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 3y = 3$   $4x + 2y = 12$

$$\begin{cases} x + 3y = 3 \\ 4x + 2y = 12 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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14. Solve the system:  $1x - 1y = 1$   $4x + 4y = -4$

$$\begin{cases} x - y = 1 \\ 4x + 4y = -4 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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15. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 3y = -5$   $4x + 4y = -12$

$$\begin{cases} x + 3y = -5 \\ 4x + 4y = -12 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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16. Solve the system:  $3x - 1y = 6$   $3x + 2y = 15$

$$\begin{cases} 3x - y = 6 \\ 3x + 2y = 15 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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### Solving systems by substitution

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17. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 0x + 4 \\ x + 2y = -4 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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18. Two items cost a total of \$8. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 8 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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19. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 1x + 1 \\ 2x + 3y = 9 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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**20.** Two items cost a total of \$16. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 16 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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**21.** Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = -1x - 4 \\ 4x + 3y = -9 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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**22.** Two items cost a total of \$20. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 4x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 20 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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**23.** Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 4 \\ x + 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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**24.** Two items cost a total of \$15. One costs 3 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 0 \\ 3x + y = 15 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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**25.** Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = -1x + 0 \\ 2x + 3y = 5 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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**26.** Two items cost a total of \$28. One costs 3 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 0 \\ 3x + y = 28 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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27. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 0x - 3 \\ 4x + y = -9 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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28. Two items cost a total of \$15. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 15 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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29. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 3 \\ x + 2y = 0 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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30. Two items cost a total of \$8. One costs 1 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 4x + 0 \\ x + y = 8 \end{cases}$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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# ELMALG: Systems of Equations

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ANSWER KEY & SOLUTIONS

*Topics: Solving systems by elimination, Solving systems by substitution. All answers verified by independent computation.*

## Solutions

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## Solving systems by elimination

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1. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 1y = -4$   $3x + 2y = -10$

$$\begin{cases} x + y = -4 \\ 3x + 2y = -10 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = -2$ ,  $y = -2$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -2$ ,  $y = -2$

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2. Solve the system:  $1x - 3y = -7$   $2x + 4y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} x - 3y = -7 \\ 2x + 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = -1$ ,  $y = 2$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -1$ ,  $y = 2$

---

3. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 4y = 6$   $1x + 2y = 4$

$$\begin{cases} x + 4y = 6 \\ x + 2y = 4 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = 2$ ,  $y = 1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 2$ ,  $y = 1$

---

4. Solve the system:  $3x - 1y = 4$   $4x + 4y = 0$

$$\begin{cases} 3x - y = 4 \\ 4x + 4y = 0 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = 1$ ,  $y = -1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 1$ ,  $y = -1$

---

5. Solve the system by elimination:  $4x + 3y = 8$   $3x + 2y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 3y = 8 \\ 3x + 2y = 6 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = 2$ ,  $y = 0$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 2$ ,  $y = 0$

---

6. Solve the system:  $2x - 2y = 4$   $2x + 2y = 8$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 2y = 4 \\ 2x + 2y = 8 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 1$

---

7. Solve the system by elimination:  $2x + 4y = 0$   $3x + 4y = 0$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 4y = 0 \\ 3x + 4y = 0 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = 0, y = 0$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 0, y = 0$

---

8. Solve the system:  $1x - 2y = 9$   $2x + 3y = -3$

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y = 9 \\ 2x + 3y = -3 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = 3, y = -3$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 3, y = -3$

---

9. Solve the system by elimination:  $2x + 2y = -4$   $2x + 1y = -4$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 2y = -4 \\ 2x + y = -4 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = -2, y = 0$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -2, y = 0$

---

10. Solve the system:  $2x - 1y = -7$   $4x + 1y = -5$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - y = -7 \\ 4x + y = -5 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = -2, y = 3$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -2, y = 3$

---

11. Solve the system by elimination:  $2x + 1y = 0$   $2x + 4y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + y = 0 \\ 2x + 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = -1, y = 2$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -1, y = 2$

---

12. Solve the system:  $4x - 4y = -8$   $3x + 3y = 6$

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 4y = -8 \\ 3x + 3y = 6 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = 0, y = 2$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 0, y = 2$

---

13. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 3y = 3$   $4x + 2y = 12$

$$\begin{cases} x + 3y = 3 \\ 4x + 2y = 12 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = 3, y = 0$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 3, y = 0$

---

14. Solve the system:  $1x - 1y = 1$   $4x + 4y = -4$

$$\begin{cases} x - y = 1 \\ 4x + 4y = -4 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = 0, y = -1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 0, y = -1$

---

15. Solve the system by elimination:  $1x + 3y = -5$   $4x + 4y = -12$

$$\begin{cases} x + 3y = -5 \\ 4x + 4y = -12 \end{cases}$$

→ Multiply and add equations to eliminate one variable.

→ Solution:  $x = -2, y = -1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -2, y = -1$

---

16. Solve the system:  $3x - 1y = 6$   $3x + 2y = 15$

$$\begin{cases} 3x - y = 6 \\ 3x + 2y = 15 \end{cases}$$

→ Add equations to eliminate  $y$ . Solve for  $x$ , then  $y$ .

→  $x = 3, y = 3$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 3, y = 3$

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## Solving systems by substitution

---

17. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 0x + 4 \\ x + 2y = -4 \end{cases}$$

→ The first equation expresses  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . Substitute into the second equation.

→ Solve the resulting one-variable equation for  $x$ .

→ Back-substitute to find  $y$ .

→ Solution:  $x = 0, y = -2$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 0, y = -2$

---

18. Two items cost a total of \$8. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 8 \end{cases}$$

→ Let the cheaper item cost  $x$  and the more expensive cost  $y = 3x$ .

→ Substitute into  $2x + 1y = 8$ : solve for  $x$ .

→  $x = 2, y = 4$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 2, y = 4$

---

19. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 1x + 1 \\ 2x + 3y = 9 \end{cases}$$

→ The first equation expresses  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . Substitute into the second equation.

→ Solve the resulting one-variable equation for  $x$ .

→ Back-substitute to find  $y$ .

→ Solution:  $x = 3, y = 1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 3, y = 1$

---

20. Two items cost a total of \$16. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 16 \end{cases}$$

→ Let the cheaper item cost  $x$  and the more expensive cost  $y = 2x$ .

→ Substitute into  $2x + 1y = 16$ : solve for  $x$ .

→  $x = 4, y = 8$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 4, y = 8$

---

21. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = -1x - 4 \\ 4x + 3y = -9 \end{cases}$$

→ The first equation expresses  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . Substitute into the second equation.

→ Solve the resulting one-variable equation for  $x$ .

→ Back-substitute to find  $y$ .

→ Solution:  $x = 0, y = -3$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 0, y = -3$

---

22. Two items cost a total of \$20. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 4x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 20 \end{cases}$$

→ Let the cheaper item cost  $x$  and the more expensive cost  $y = 4x$ .

→ Substitute into  $2x + 1y = 20$ : solve for  $x$ .

→  $x = 7, y = 6$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 7, y = 6$

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23. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 4 \\ x + 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

→ The first equation expresses  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . Substitute into the second equation.

→ Solve the resulting one-variable equation for  $x$ .

→ Back-substitute to find  $y$ .

→ Solution:  $x = 2, y = 1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 2, y = 1$

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24. Two items cost a total of \$15. One costs 3 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 0 \\ 3x + y = 15 \end{cases}$$

→ Let the cheaper item cost  $x$  and the more expensive cost  $y = 2x$ .

→ Substitute into  $3x + 1y = 15$ : solve for  $x$ .

→  $x = 3, y = 6$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 3, y = 6$

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25. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = -1x + 0 \\ 2x + 3y = 5 \end{cases}$$

→ The first equation expresses  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . Substitute into the second equation.

→ Solve the resulting one-variable equation for  $x$ .

→ Back-substitute to find  $y$ .

→ Solution:  $x = -2, y = 3$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -2, y = 3$

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26. Two items cost a total of \$28. One costs 3 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 0 \\ 3x + y = 28 \end{cases}$$

→ Let the cheaper item cost  $x$  and the more expensive cost  $y = 3x$ .

→ Substitute into  $3x + 1y = 28$ : solve for  $x$ .

→  $x = 8, y = 4$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 8, y = 4$

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27. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 0x - 3 \\ 4x + y = -9 \end{cases}$$

→ The first equation expresses  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . Substitute into the second equation.

→ Solve the resulting one-variable equation for  $x$ .

→ Back-substitute to find  $y$ .

→ Solution:  $x = -2, y = -1$ .

**Answer:**  $x = -2, y = -1$

---

28. Two items cost a total of \$15. One costs 2 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 3x + 0 \\ 2x + y = 15 \end{cases}$$

→ Let the cheaper item cost  $x$  and the more expensive cost  $y = 3x$ .

→ Substitute into  $2x + 1y = 15$ : solve for  $x$ .

→  $x = 5, y = 5$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 5, y = 5$

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29. Solve the system by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 2x + 3 \\ x + 2y = 0 \end{cases}$$

→ The first equation expresses  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . Substitute into the second equation.

→ Solve the resulting one-variable equation for  $x$ .

→ Back-substitute to find  $y$ .

→ Solution:  $x = 0, y = 0$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 0, y = 0$

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30. Two items cost a total of \$8. One costs 1 times as much as the other. Find the price of each item using substitution.

$$\begin{cases} y = 4x + 0 \\ x + y = 8 \end{cases}$$

→ Let the cheaper item cost  $x$  and the more expensive cost  $y = 4x$ .

→ Substitute into  $1x + 1y = 8$ : solve for  $x$ .

→  $x = 2, y = 6$ .

**Answer:**  $x = 2, y = 6$

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