



# MATH240: First Order Separable

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: / 30

## Learning Objectives

- Calculate the mean, median, mode, and range of a data set
- Compute sample variance and standard deviation
- Construct quartiles, the IQR, and identify outliers
- Describe the shape, center, and spread of a distribution

*Simplify each expression completely. Show all steps and circle your final answer.*

## Separable ODEs

1. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 6x^1$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 6x^1 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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2. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 1t^2$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 1x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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3. Solve:  $dy/dx = 5x^3$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 5x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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4. Solve:  $dy/dx = 5x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 5x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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5. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 1x^4$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 1x^4 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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6. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 3t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 3x^1 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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7. Solve:  $dy/dx = 6x^2$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 6x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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8. Solve:  $dy/dx = 2x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 2x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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9. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 4x^3$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 4x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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10. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 2t^3$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 2x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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11. Solve:  $dy/dx = 4x^1$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 4x^1 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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12. Solve:  $dy/dx = 4x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 4x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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13. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 2x^4$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 2x^4 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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14. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 1t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 1x^1 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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15. Solve:  $dy/dx = 8x^3$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 8x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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16. Solve:  $dy/dx = 1x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 1x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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17. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 5x^2$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 5x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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18. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 2t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 2x^1 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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19. Solve:  $dy/dx = 4x^2$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 4x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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20. Solve:  $dy/dx = 8x^2$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^3$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 8x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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21. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 5x^2$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 5x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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22. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 4t^2$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 4x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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23. Solve:  $dy/dx = 5x^1$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 5x^1 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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24. Solve:  $dy/dx = 7x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 7x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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25. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 1x^3$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 1x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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26. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 1t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 1x^1 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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27. Solve:  $dy/dx = 7x^2$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 7x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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28. Solve:  $dy/dx = 1x^2$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^3$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 1x^2 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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29. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 1x^3$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 1x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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30. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 3t^3$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 3x^3 dx$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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# MATH240: First Order Separable

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ANSWER KEY & SOLUTIONS

*Topics: Separable ODEs. All answers verified by independent computation.*

## Solutions

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## Separable ODEs

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1. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 6x^1$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 6x^1 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 6x^1 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 6x^1 dx = 3x^2 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{6}{2}x^2 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 3$

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2. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 1t^2$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 1x^2 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 1t^2 dt = 1/3t^3 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/3$

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3. Solve:  $dy/dx = 5x^3$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 5x^3 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $y = 5/4x^4 + C$ .

→ Apply  $y(0)=0$ :  $0 = 0 + C$ , so  $C = 0$ .

→ Particular solution:  $y = 5/4x^4$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{5}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 5/4$

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4. Solve:  $dy/dx = 5x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 5x^3 dx$$

→ Separate and integrate:  $y = 5/4x^4 + C$ .

→ The coefficient of  $x^4$  is  $5/4$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{5}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 5/4$

---

5. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 1x^4$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 1x^4 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 1x^4 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 1x^4 dx = 1/5x^5 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{5}x^5 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/5$

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6. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 3t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 3x^1 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 3t^1 dt = 3/2t^2 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{3}{2}x^2 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 3/2$

---

7. Solve:  $dy/dx = 6x^2$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 6x^2 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $y = 2x^3 + C$ .

→ Apply  $y(0)=0$ :  $0 = 0 + C$ , so  $C = 0$ .

→ Particular solution:  $y = 2x^3$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{6}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 2$

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8. Solve:  $dy/dx = 2x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 2x^3 dx$$

→ Separate and integrate:  $y = 1/2x^4 + C$ .

→ The coefficient of  $x^4$  is  $1/2$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{2}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/2$

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9. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 4x^3$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 4x^3 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 4x^3 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 4x^3 dx = 1x^4 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{4}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1$

---

10. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 2t^3$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 2x^3 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 2t^3 dt = 1/2t^4 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{2}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/2$

---

11. Solve:  $dy/dx = 4x^1$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 4x^1 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $y = 2x^2 + C$ .

→ Apply  $y(0)=0$ :  $0 = 0 + C$ , so  $C = 0$ .

→ Particular solution:  $y = 2x^2$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{4}{2}x^2 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 2$

---

12. Solve:  $dy/dx = 4x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 4x^3 dx$$

→ Separate and integrate:  $y = 1x^4 + C$ .

→ The coefficient of  $x^4$  is  $1$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{4}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1$

---

13. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 2x^4$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 2x^4 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 2x^4 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 2x^4 dx = 2/5x^5 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{2}{5}x^5 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 2/5$

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14. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 1t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 1x^1 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 1t^1 dt = 1/2t^2 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/2$

---

15. Solve:  $dy/dx = 8x^3$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 8x^3 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $y = 2x^4 + C$ .

→ Apply  $y(0)=0$ :  $0 = 0 + C$ , so  $C = 0$ .

→ Particular solution:  $y = 2x^4$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{8}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 2$

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16. Solve:  $dy/dx = 1x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 1x^3 dx$$

→ Separate and integrate:  $y = 1/4x^4 + C$ .

→ The coefficient of  $x^4$  is  $1/4$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/4$

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17. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 5x^2$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 5x^2 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 5x^2 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 5x^2 dx = 5/3x^3 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{5}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 5/3$

---

18. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 2t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 2x^1 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 2t^1 dt = 1t^2 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{2}{2}x^2 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1$

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19. Solve:  $dy/dx = 4x^2$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 4x^2 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $y = 4/3x^3 + C$ .

→ Apply  $y(0)=0$ :  $0 = 0 + C$ , so  $C = 0$ .

→ Particular solution:  $y = 4/3x^3$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{4}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 4/3$

---

20. Solve:  $dy/dx = 8x^2$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^3$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 8x^2 dx$$

→ Separate and integrate:  $y = 8/3x^3 + C$ .

→ The coefficient of  $x^3$  is  $8/3$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{8}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 8/3$

---

21. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 5x^2$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 5x^2 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 5x^2 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 5x^2 dx = 5/3x^3 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{5}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 5/3$

---

22. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 4t^2$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 4x^2 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 4t^2 dt = 4/3t^3 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{4}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 4/3$

---

23. Solve:  $dy/dx = 5x^1$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 5x^1 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $y = 5/2x^2 + C$ .

→ Apply  $y(0)=0$ :  $0 = 0 + C$ , so  $C = 0$ .

→ Particular solution:  $y = 5/2x^2$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{5}{2}x^2 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 5/2$

---

24. Solve:  $dy/dx = 7x^3$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^4$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 7x^3 dx$$

→ Separate and integrate:  $y = 7/4x^4 + C$ .

→ The coefficient of  $x^4$  is  $7/4$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{7}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 7/4$

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25. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 1x^3$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 1x^3 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 1x^3 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 1x^3 dx = 1/4x^4 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/4$

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26. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 1t^1$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 1x^1 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 1t^1 dt = 1/2t^2 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{2}x^2 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/2$

---

27. Solve:  $dy/dx = 7x^2$ . Then find the particular solution satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ .

$$\int 7x^2 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $y = 7/3x^3 + C$ .

→ Apply  $y(0)=0$ :  $0 = 0 + C$ , so  $C = 0$ .

→ Particular solution:  $y = 7/3x^3$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{7}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 7/3$

---

28. Solve:  $dy/dx = 1x^2$ . Find the coefficient of the  $x^3$  term in the general solution.

$$\int 1x^2 dx$$

→ Separate and integrate:  $y = 1/3x^3 + C$ .

→ The coefficient of  $x^3$  is  $1/3$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{3}x^3 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/3$

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29. Solve the separable ODE:  $dy/dx = 1x^3$ . Find the general solution  $y(x)$ .

$$\int 1x^3 dx$$

→ Separate variables:  $dy = 1x^3 dx$ .

→ Integrate both sides:  $y = \text{integral of } 1x^3 dx = 1/4x^4 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{1}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 1/4$

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30. A particle's velocity satisfies  $dv/dt = 3t^3$ . Find the position function (antiderivative).

$$\int 3x^3 dx$$

→ Integrate:  $v(t) = \text{integral of } 3t^3 dt = 3/4t^4 + C$ .

**Answer:**  $\frac{3}{4}x^4 + C \Rightarrow \text{coeff} = 3/4$

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