

MATH 110: Regression Correlation — Worksheet

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Learning Objectives

- Interpret the correlation coefficient r
- Compute the slope and intercept of the least-squares line
- Write and use a regression equation for prediction

Simplify each expression completely. Show all steps and circle your final answer.

Correlation Coefficient Interpretation

1. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = 0.78$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.

Answer: _____

2. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = 0.54$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.

Answer: _____

3. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = -0.65$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.

Answer: _____

4. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = -0.28$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.

Answer: _____

5. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = -0.92$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.

Answer: _____

Least-squares regression line from summary statistics

6. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 4$, $s_y = 8$, mean of $x = 24$, mean of $y = 43$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

Answer: _____

7. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 4$, $s_y = 12$, mean of $x = 13$, mean of $y = 40$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

Answer: _____

8. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 2$, $s_y = 8$, mean of $x = 19$, mean of $y = 25$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

Answer: _____

9. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.8$, $s_x = 2$, $s_y = 8$, mean of $x = 20$, mean of $y = 38$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

Answer: _____

10. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 2$, $s_y = 12$, mean of $x = 24$, mean of $y = 46$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

Answer: _____

Prediction from a Regression Equation

11. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 15 + 9x$. Predict y when $x = 22$.

Answer: _____

12. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 17 + 5x$. Predict y when $x = 16$.

Answer: _____

13. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 19 + 1x$. Predict y when $x = 20$.

Answer: _____

14. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 20 + 3x$. Predict y when $x = 7$.

Answer: _____

15. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 16 + 9x$. Predict y when $x = 8$.

Answer: _____

Describing a Scatterplot

16. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

17. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

18. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

19. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

20. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

21. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

22. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

23. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

24. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

25. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

26. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

27. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

28. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

29. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

30. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

Answer: _____

Answer Key & Solutions

Topics: Describing a Scatterplot, Least-squares regression line from summary statistics, Correlation Coefficient Interpretation, Prediction from a Regression Equation. All answers verified by independent computation.

Solutions

Correlation Coefficient Interpretation

1. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = 0.78$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.
 - Sign of r : $r=0.78$ is positive (positive r means positive association, negative means negative).
 - $|r| = 0.78$. Strength: $|r| < 0.3$ is weak, 0.3 to 0.7 is moderate, > 0.7 is strong.
 - This is a strong positive linear relationship.

Answer: _____

2. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = 0.54$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.
 - Sign of r : $r=0.54$ is positive (positive r means positive association, negative means negative).
 - $|r| = 0.54$. Strength: $|r| < 0.3$ is weak, 0.3 to 0.7 is moderate, > 0.7 is strong.
 - This is a moderate positive linear relationship.

Answer: _____

3. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = -0.65$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.
 - Sign of r : $r=-0.65$ is negative (positive r means positive association, negative means negative).
 - $|r| = 0.65$. Strength: $|r| < 0.3$ is weak, 0.3 to 0.7 is moderate, > 0.7 is strong.
 - This is a moderate negative linear relationship.

Answer: _____

4. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = -0.28$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.
 - Sign of r : $r=-0.28$ is negative (positive r means positive association, negative means negative).
 - $|r| = 0.28$. Strength: $|r| < 0.3$ is weak, 0.3 to 0.7 is moderate, > 0.7 is strong.
 - This is a weak negative linear relationship.

Answer: _____

5. A study yields a correlation coefficient of $r = -0.92$. Describe the direction and strength of the linear relationship.
 - Sign of r : $r=-0.92$ is negative (positive r means positive association, negative means negative).

- $|r| = 0.92$. Strength: $|r| < 0.3$ is weak, 0.3 to 0.7 is moderate, > 0.7 is strong.
- This is a strong negative linear relationship.

Answer: _____

Least-squares regression line from summary statistics

6. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 4$, $s_y = 8$, mean of $x = 24$, mean of $y = 43$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

- Slope $b = r \times (s_y/s_x) = 0.5 \times (8/4) = 1.0$.
- Intercept $a = (\text{mean } y) - b \times (\text{mean } x) = 43 - (1.0)(24) = 19.0$.
- Regression line: $\hat{y} = 19.0 + 1.0x$ ($r\text{-squared} = 0.25$).

Answer: _____

7. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 4$, $s_y = 12$, mean of $x = 13$, mean of $y = 40$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

- Slope $b = r \times (s_y/s_x) = 0.5 \times (12/4) = 1.5$.
- Intercept $a = (\text{mean } y) - b \times (\text{mean } x) = 40 - (1.5)(13) = 20.5$.
- Regression line: $\hat{y} = 20.5 + 1.5x$ ($r\text{-squared} = 0.25$).

Answer: _____

8. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 2$, $s_y = 8$, mean of $x = 19$, mean of $y = 25$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

- Slope $b = r \times (s_y/s_x) = 0.5 \times (8/2) = 2.0$.
- Intercept $a = (\text{mean } y) - b \times (\text{mean } x) = 25 - (2.0)(19) = -13.0$.
- Regression line: $\hat{y} = -13.0 + 2.0x$ ($r\text{-squared} = 0.25$).

Answer: _____

9. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.8$, $s_x = 2$, $s_y = 8$, mean of $x = 20$, mean of $y = 38$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

- Slope $b = r \times (s_y/s_x) = 0.8 \times (8/2) = 3.2$.
- Intercept $a = (\text{mean } y) - b \times (\text{mean } x) = 38 - (3.2)(20) = -26.0$.
- Regression line: $\hat{y} = -26.0 + 3.2x$ ($r\text{-squared} = 0.64$).

Answer: _____

10. For a bivariate data set: $r = 0.5$, $s_x = 2$, $s_y = 12$, mean of $x = 24$, mean of $y = 46$. Find the least-squares regression line $\hat{y} = a + bx$.

- Slope $b = r \times (s_y/s_x) = 0.5 \times (12/2) = 3.0$.
- Intercept $a = (\text{mean } y) - b \times (\text{mean } x) = 46 - (3.0)(24) = -26.0$.
- Regression line: $\hat{y} = -26.0 + 3.0x$ ($r\text{-squared} = 0.25$).

Answer: _____

Prediction from a Regression Equation

11. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 15 + 9x$. Predict y when $x = 22$.

- Substitute $x = 22$ into $\hat{y} = 15 + 9x$.
- $\hat{y} = 15 + 9(22) = 213$.

Answer: _____

12. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 17 + 5x$. Predict y when $x = 16$.

- Substitute $x = 16$ into $\hat{y} = 17 + 5x$.
- $\hat{y} = 17 + 5(16) = 97$.

Answer: _____

13. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 19 + 1x$. Predict y when $x = 20$.

- Substitute $x = 20$ into $\hat{y} = 19 + 1x$.
- $\hat{y} = 19 + 1(20) = 39$.

Answer: _____

14. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 20 + 3x$. Predict y when $x = 7$.

- Substitute $x = 7$ into $\hat{y} = 20 + 3x$.
- $\hat{y} = 20 + 3(7) = 41$.

Answer: _____

15. A regression equation is $\hat{y} = 16 + 9x$. Predict y when $x = 8$.

- Substitute $x = 8$ into $\hat{y} = 16 + 9x$.
- $\hat{y} = 16 + 9(8) = 88$.

Answer: _____

Describing a Scatterplot

16. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points rise left to right -> positive.
- Form: points cluster around a line -> linear.
- Strength: tight clustering -> strong.
- Answer: A) positive, linear, strong.

Answer: _____

17. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points decline left to right -> negative.
- Form: points loosely follow a line -> linear.
- Strength: moderate scatter -> moderate.
- Answer: B) negative, linear, moderate.

Answer: _____

18. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- No pattern is visible in the scatterplot -> no association.
- Answer: C) no association.

Answer: _____

19. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points rise left to right -> positive.
- Form: points cluster around a line -> linear.
- Strength: tight clustering -> strong.
- Answer: A) positive, linear, strong.

Answer: _____

20. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points decline left to right -> negative.
- Form: points loosely follow a line -> linear.
- Strength: moderate scatter -> moderate.
- Answer: B) negative, linear, moderate.

Answer: _____

21. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- No pattern is visible in the scatterplot -> no association.

- Answer: C) no association.

Answer: _____

22. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points rise left to right -> positive.
- Form: points cluster around a line -> linear.
- Strength: tight clustering -> strong.
- Answer: A) positive, linear, strong.

Answer: _____

23. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points decline left to right -> negative.
- Form: points loosely follow a line -> linear.
- Strength: moderate scatter -> moderate.
- Answer: B) negative, linear, moderate.

Answer: _____

24. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- No pattern is visible in the scatterplot -> no association.
- Answer: C) no association.

Answer: _____

25. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points rise left to right -> positive.
- Form: points cluster around a line -> linear.
- Strength: tight clustering -> strong.
- Answer: A) positive, linear, strong.

Answer: _____

26. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points decline left to right -> negative.
- Form: points loosely follow a line -> linear.
- Strength: moderate scatter -> moderate.
- Answer: B) negative, linear, moderate.

Answer: _____

27. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- No pattern is visible in the scatterplot -> no association.
- Answer: C) no association.

Answer: _____

28. A scatterplot shows: points clustered tightly around a line rising from left to right, with no unusual values. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points rise left to right -> positive.
- Form: points cluster around a line -> linear.
- Strength: tight clustering -> strong.
- Answer: A) positive, linear, strong.

Answer: _____

29. A scatterplot shows: points that fall loosely along a line declining from left to right, with moderate scatter. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- Direction: points decline left to right -> negative.
- Form: points loosely follow a line -> linear.
- Strength: moderate scatter -> moderate.
- Answer: B) negative, linear, moderate.

Answer: _____

30. A scatterplot shows: points scattered randomly with no discernible pattern or trend. What are the direction, form, and strength of the association? Options: A) positive, linear, strong B) negative, linear, moderate C) no association

- No pattern is visible in the scatterplot -> no association.

- Answer: C) no association.

Answer: _____