

Algebra: Describing the Domain and Range

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Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____

DIRECTIONS

Identify the domain and range of each function. Write using set notation or interval notation.

1 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = 2x + 1$$

Answer: _____

2 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = x^2$$

Answer: _____

3 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = 1/x$$

Answer: _____

4 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

Answer: _____

5 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$$

Answer: _____

6 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = 1/(x-2)$$

Answer: _____

7 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4$$

Answer: _____

8 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = |x|$$

Answer: _____

9 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = 3/(x^2-9)$$

Answer: _____

10 Find D & R:

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4-x}$$

Answer: _____

Answer Key & Solutions

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TEACHER NOTES

Domain: all valid x-inputs. Range: all resulting y-outputs. Avoid division by zero and negatives under even radicals for

domain.

1 $f(x) = 2x + 1$

= D: all reals, R: all reals

Linear — no restrictions

2 $f(x) = x^2$

= D: all reals, R: $y \geq 0$

Parabola — any x, output always ≥ 0

3 $f(x) = 1/x$

= D: $x \neq 0$, R: $y \neq 0$

Undefined at $x=0$; output never 0

4 $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

= D: $x \geq 0$, R: $y \geq 0$

Need $x \geq 0$ under radical; output ≥ 0

5 $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$

= D: $x \geq 3$, R: $y \geq 0$

$x-3 \geq 0$, so $x \geq 3$

6 $f(x) = 1/(x-2)$

= D: $x \neq 2$, R: $y \neq 0$

$x-2 \neq 0$, so $x \neq 2$

7 $f(x) = x^2 - 4$

= D: all reals, R: $y \geq -4$

Vertex at $(0, -4)$; parabola opens up

8 $f(x) = |x|$

= D: all reals, R: $y \geq 0$

Absolute value never negative

9 $f(x) = 3/(x^2-9)$

= D: $x \neq \pm 3$, R: $y \neq 0$

$x^2-9=0$ when $x=\pm 3$; exclude those

10 $f(x) = \sqrt{4-x}$

= D: $x \leq 4$, R: $y \geq 0$

$4-x \geq 0$, so $x \leq 4$